

City Resilience Index

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What was the opportunity?

“to articulate urban resilience in an
accessible, evidence-based and measurable way
that can inform urban planning, practice,
and investment patterns”

Opportunity Statement, City Resilience Index February 2013”

What is City Resilience?



Shocks

Stresses



Evidence from 20 cities



City case studies

- 6 Primary data analysis
- 14 Secondary data analysis

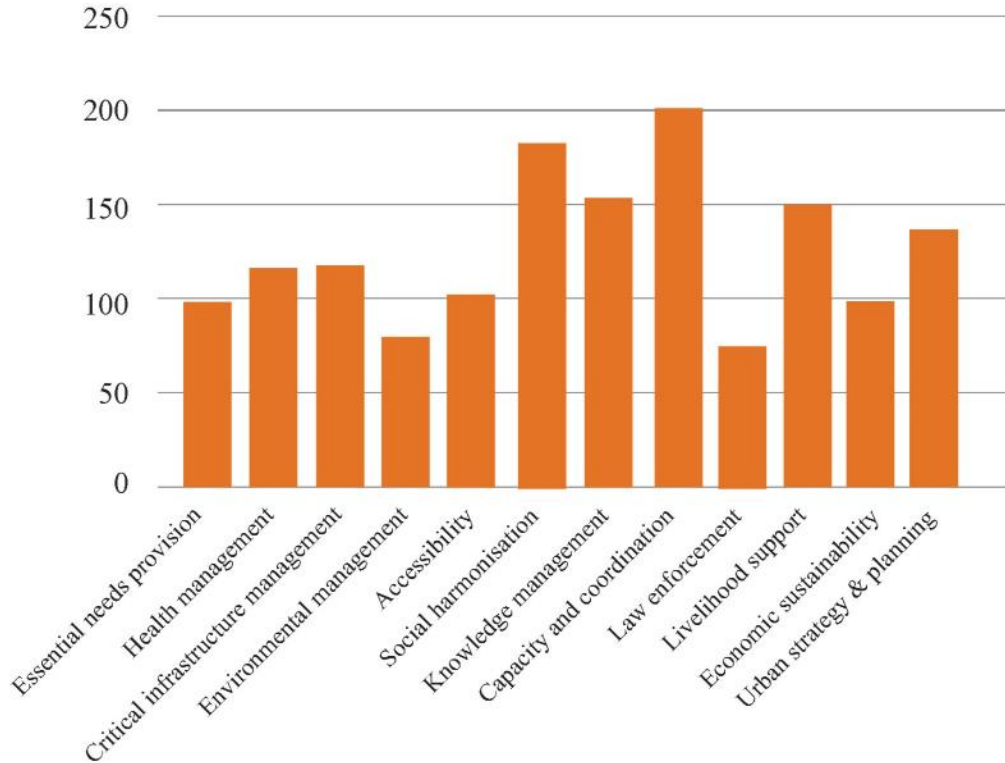
Literature

150 sources

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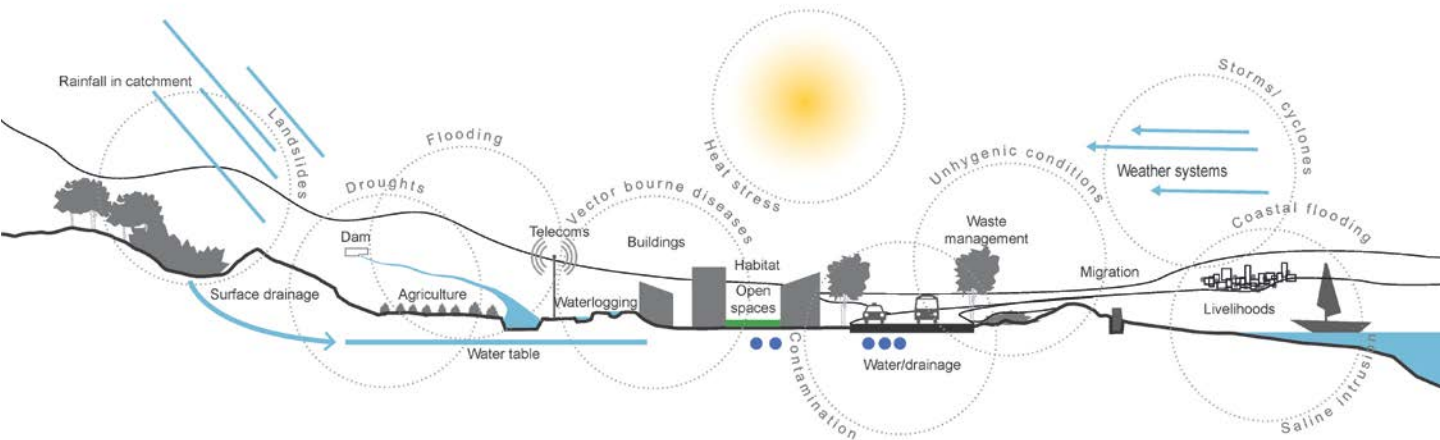


An emphasis on physical assets and safeguards to human life, but other issues are equally important...



Cities are complex

They rely on a complex web of institutions, infrastructure and information



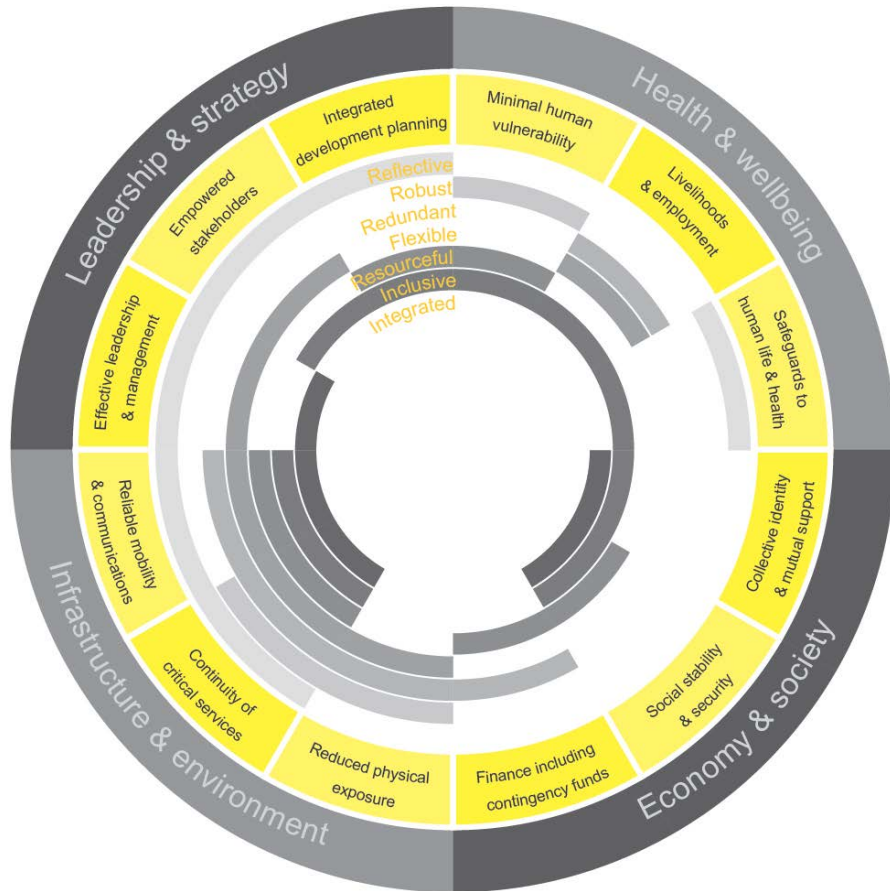
A resilient city survives and thrives no matter what challenges it faces

Resilience is *'the capacity of individuals, communities and systems to survive, adapt, and grow in the face of stress and shocks, and even transform when conditions require it'*.

(source: Rockefeller Foundation)



The City Resilience Framework (CRF)





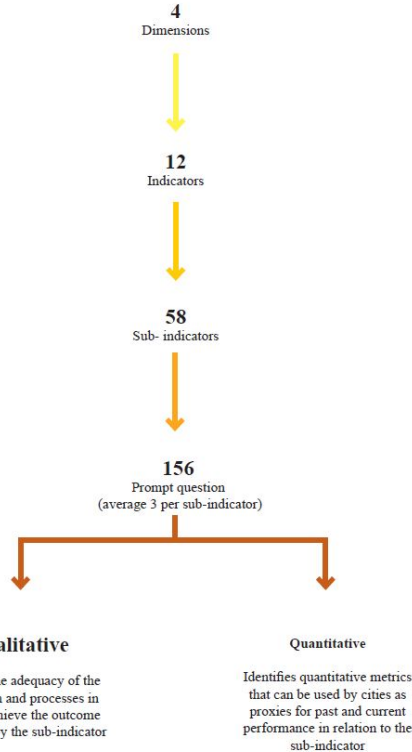
The CRI Structure

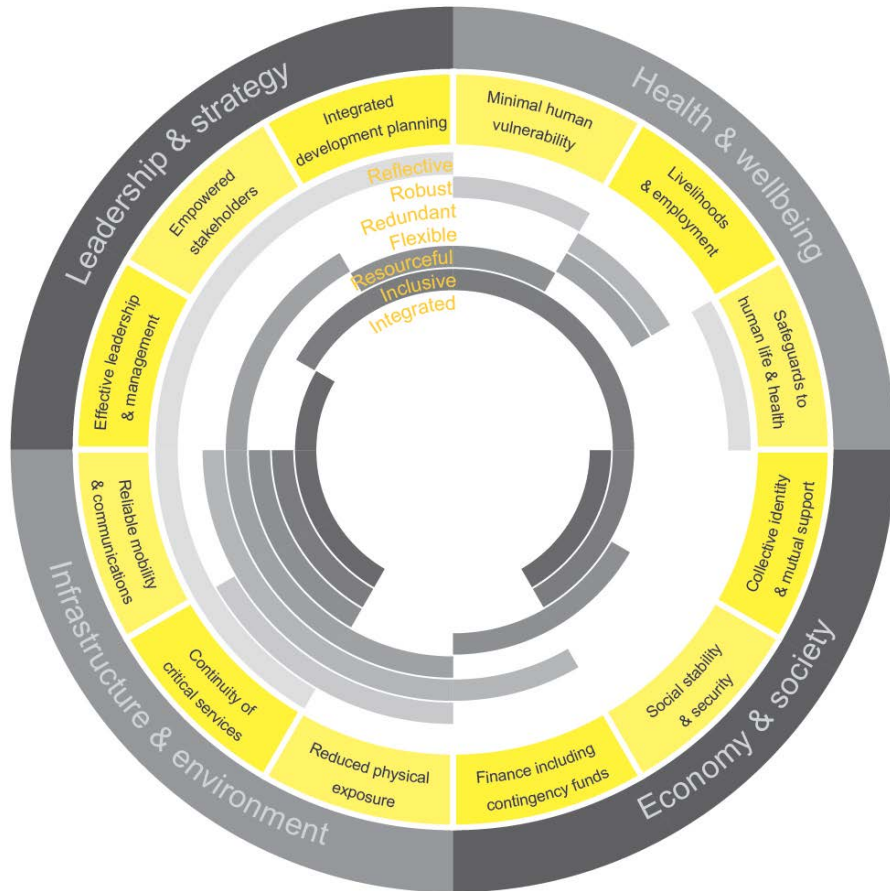
What matters

What to observe

What to measure

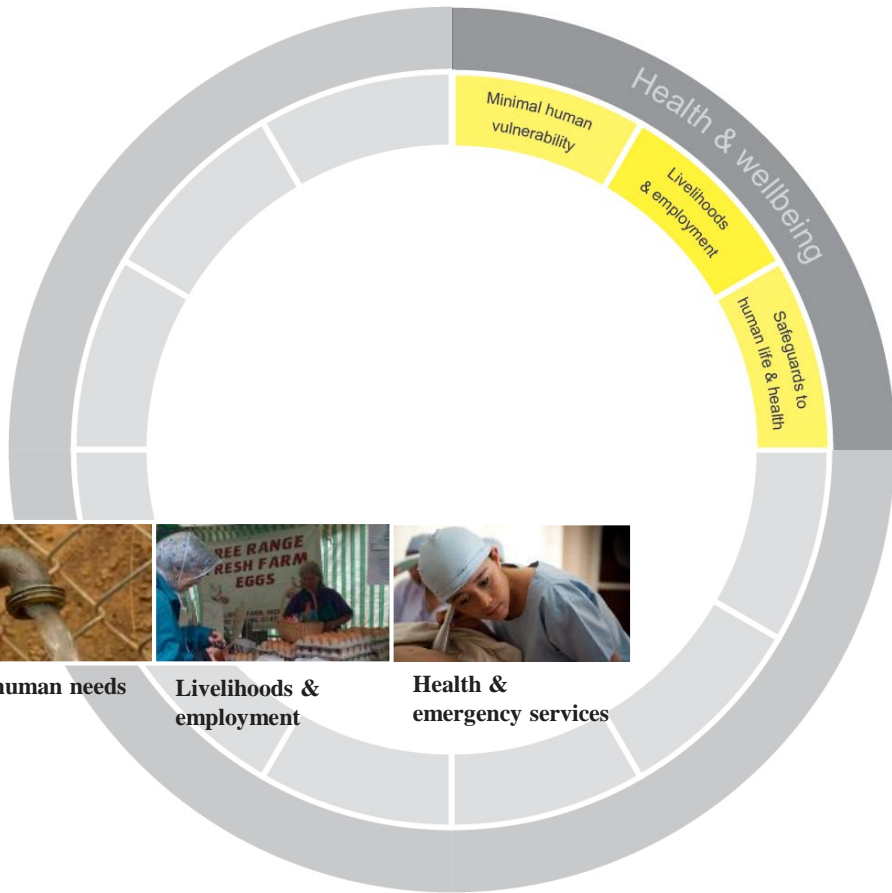
How to measure







People
“the health and wellbeing of everyone living and working in the city”



Basic human needs

Livelihoods & employment

Health & emergency services



Protective infrastructure



Critical services



Mobility & communication

Place
“the way in which man-made and natural infrastructure provides critical services and protects, and connects urban citizens”



Identity & mutual support

Social stability & security

Finance and funds



Organisation
“the social and financial systems that enable urban populations to live peacefully, and act collectively”



Knowledge
“effective leadership, empowered stakeholders, and integrated planning”



Leadership & management



Stakeholder empowerment



Development planning



Key Issues: A global index



- Primary data (CRI-1)
- Additional consultation with cities
- Ongoing pilot (CRI-2 2015)





Liverpool is facing an increasingly diverse range of natural and man-made shocks and stresses, many are complex and difficult to predict.

- **Shocks** such as: terrorist attack, strike, pandemics
- **Stresses** such as: economic deprivation, reduced government funding, health, climate change



Measuring **resilience** allows Liverpool to learn how to adapt and thrive in the face of these shocks and stresses.

Measuring resilience...

- Identifies key stakeholders
- Enables data collection
- Facilitate capacity building around resilience



Measuring resilience...

- Builds common understanding and encourages cross-sector collaboration
- Establishes a baseline understanding of urban resilience within Liverpool
- Identifies the strengths and weaknesses within Liverpool
- Enables a discussion regarding the priority interventions



Qualitative scoring scale



5 strong performance



4 good performance overall, with some room for improvement



3 moderate performance, some challenges exist, there is room for improvement



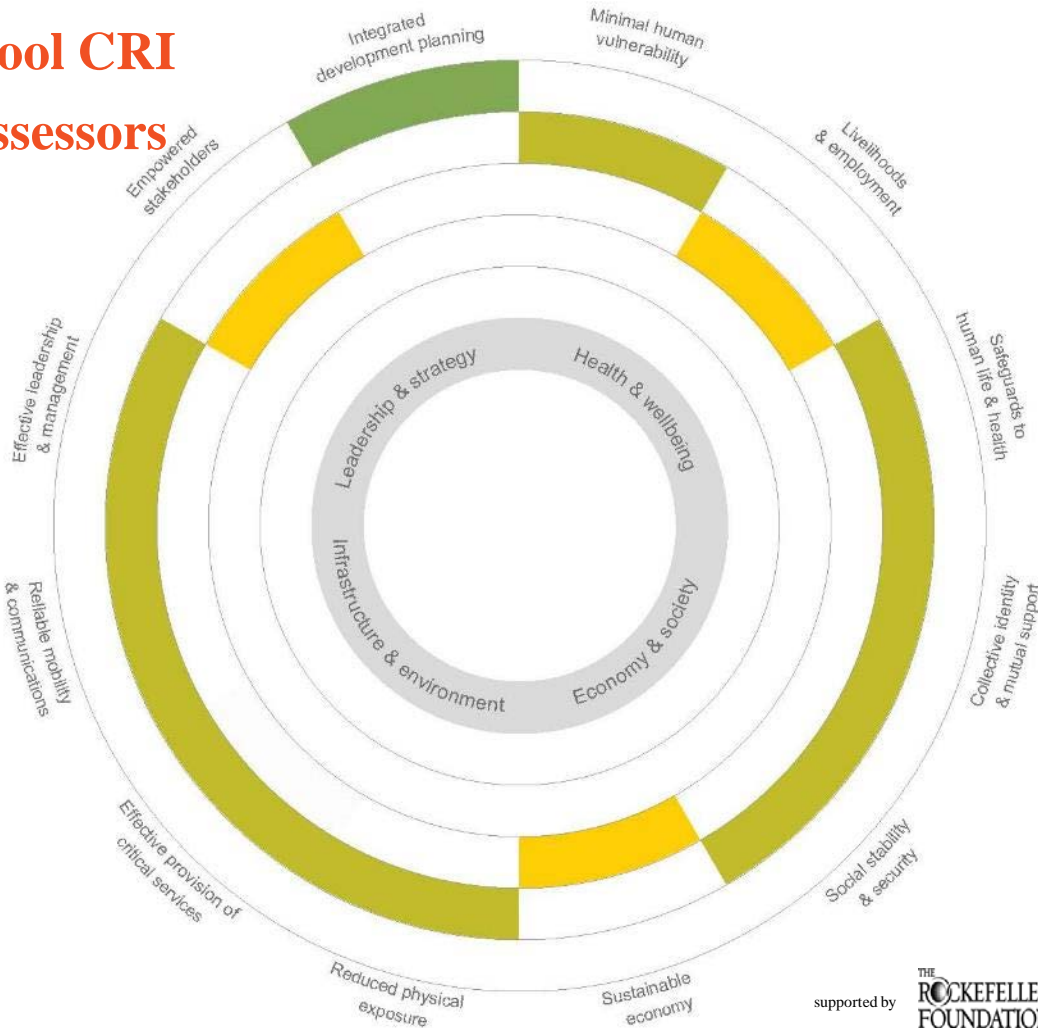
2 unsatisfactory performance, a range of challenges exist with room for improvement



1 poor performance, many challenges exist, significant room for improvement

Liverpool CRI

City Assessors





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